#### CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Adams County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Board of Directors Clear Creek Transit Metropolitan District No. 1 Adams County, Colorado

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Clear Creek Transit Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Clear Creek Transit Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### <u>Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wipfli LLP

Denver, Colorado

Wippli LLP

November 14, 2024



#### CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	1,545
Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		22,359,995
Total Assets		22,361,540
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		20,423
Retainage Payable		1,117,980
Total Liabilities		1,138,403
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		22,359,995
Restricted for:		
Emergency Reserve		1,700
Net Position - Unrestricted		(1,138,558)
Total Net Position	\$	21,223,137

#### CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position  Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u></u>				
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 85,115	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (85,115)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 85,115	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(85,115)
	<b>GENERAL REVEN</b> Intergovernmenta Total Genera		nsfers		55,529 55,529
	CHANGES IN NET	POSITION			(29,586)
	Net Position - Begir	nning of Year			21,252,723
	NET POSITION - I	END OF YEAR			\$ 21,223,137

# CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Capital General Projects		-	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	1,545	_\$_		\$	1,545
Total Assets	\$	1,545	\$		\$	1,545
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	20,423	\$	-	\$	20,423
Retainage Payable		<u> </u>		1,117,980		1,117,980
Total Liabilities		20,423		1,117,980		1,138,403
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Emergency Reserves		1,700		-		1,700
Assigned to:						
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		10,520		-		10,520
Capital Projects		-		(1,117,980)		(1,117,980)
Unassigned		(31,098)		<u>-</u>		(31,098)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(18,878)		(1,117,980)		(1,136,858)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,545	\$	-		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	of					
net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance	cial					
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						22,359,995
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	21,223,137

## CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	55,529	\$ -	\$	55,529
Total Revenues		55,529	-		55,529
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting		39,844	-		39,844
Auditing		11,400	-		11,400
Dues and membership		672	-		672
Election		3,166	-		3,166
Insurance		5,142	-		5,142
Legal		24,042	-		24,042
Miscellaneous		849	-		849
Total Expenditures		85,115	<u>-</u>		85,115
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		(29,586)	-		(29,586)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		10,708	 (1,117,980)		(1,107,272)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	(18,878)	\$ (1,117,980)	\$	(1,136,858)

## CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(29,586)
	•	(00.500)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(29,586)

# CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		ginal and		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
	Fin	al Budget		mounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES			_		_	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	88,600	\$	55,529	\$	(33,071)
Total Revenues		88,600		55,529		(33,071)
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		35,450		39,844		(4,394)
Auditing		12,500		11,400		1,100
Dues and membership		850		672		178
Election		3,500		3,166		334
Insurance		5,800		5,142		658
Legal		25,000		24,042		958
Miscellaneous		4,400		849		3,551
Total Expenditures		87,500		85,115		2,385
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		1,100		(29,586)		(30,686)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,500		10,708		10,708
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	3,600	\$	(18,878)	\$	(19,978)

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Clear Creek Transit Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, located entirely in Adams County, Colorado, was organized by court order and decree on November 11, 2010, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was organized in conjunction with one other related district, Clear Creek Transit Metro District No. 2 (District No. 2). The Districts were organized to serve an area which is coextensive with the boundaries of the planned transit-oriented development identified as Clear Creek Transit Village. The District will construct, own and operate public services and facilities for the development. District No. 2 will fund and assist in the coordination of metropolitan district services and facilities. District No. 2 will encompass the entirety of the development except the property located in the District, which will encompass a track of approximately one acre after final platting. Using funds provided by and through District No. 2, the District will construct, own and operate certain public services and facilities for the development.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, parks and recreation improvements, water supply system, and storm and sewer improvements), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Water Supply System	46 Years
Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drainage	46 Years
Streets	20 Years
Parks and Recreation	20 Years

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### **Deficits**

The General Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2023. The deficit will be eliminated with developer advances received in 2024.

The Capital Projects Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2023. The deficit is a result of retainage due to vendors.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 1,545
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,545

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,545
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,545

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$1,545.

#### Investments

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had no investments.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	-	Balance at ecember 31, 2022	Incre	ases	Decre	ases		Balance at ecember 31, 2023
Governmental Activities:		_						
Capital Assets, Not Being								
Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	22,359,995	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,359,995
Total Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated		22,359,995		-		-		22,359,995
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	22,359,995	\$		\$		\$_	22,359,995

The District had no depreciation expense recorded for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### **Authorized Debt**

On November 2, 2010, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$551,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum. At December 31, 2023, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Debt		
	Authorized		Authorized
	on November 2,	Authorization	But
	2010	Used	Unused
Street Improvements	\$ 50,000,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000,000
Water Supply	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Sanitary Sewer	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Traffic and Safety	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
TV Relay and Translation	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Intergovernmental Agreements	100,000,000	-	100,000,000
Mosquito Control	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Operations and Maintenace	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Debt refunding	150,000,000	-	150,000,000
Total	\$ 551,000,000	\$ -	\$ 551,000,000

The Service Plan also limits the total mill levy (debt service and operations combined) to 65.000 mills subject to adjustment as set forth therein.

In the future, the District may issue a portion of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

The District has no debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property with constitutes the District is Clear Creek Development, LLC. The majority of the members of the Board of Directors were employees, owners, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have had conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

#### NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,359,995
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 22,359,995

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, as follows:

		Governmental Activities		
Restricted Net Position:	·			
Emergencies	\$	1,700		
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	1,700		

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for public improvements to be constructed and conveyed to other entities by the District.

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, and boiler and machinery coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 2, 2010, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# CLEAR CREEK TRANSIT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		nai buuget		-inounts	-	(INEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,215,624	\$	-	\$	(2,215,624)
Total Revenues		2,215,624		-		(2,215,624)
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		1,750		-		1,750
Engineering		9,000		-		9,000
Legal		16,500		-		16,500
Capital outlay		2,185,624		-		2,185,624
Contingency		2,750		-		2,750
Total Expenditures		2,215,624		-		2,215,624
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>		(1,117,980)		(1,117,980)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	(1,117,980)	\$	(1,117,980)